COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OFFICE OF DRINKING WATER

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To: Office of Drinking Water Staff

Drew Hammond, PE, Deputy Director Through:

Office of Drinking Water

Susan E. Douglas, PE, Director Susan E. Douglas

Division of Technical Samiler From:

Division of Technical Services

Subject: Working Memo 813, Amendment #3

PERMITS & PROJECT REVIEW - Well Development

Summary:

This memo provides ODW staff with the procedures for processing a well development request, including the approval or rejection of proposed well site(s), well construction, and testing. An updated Handbook for waterworks owners provides information on methods, materials, and procedures in the construction and development of a well.

Note: This working memo replaces Working Memo 813, Amendment #2 dated April 30, 2008.

Electronic Copy:

An electronic copy of this working memo in PDF format is available for staff internally at the following location: \\odwsrv1\odwshare\03-Memos\301-Active Working Memos\301.01-pdf Active Memos.

An electronic copy of the working memo attachments is available for staff internally at the following location: \\odwsrv1\odwshare\03-Memos\301-Active Working Memos\301.02-Forms Letters Manuals\WM813-Well Development.

Contact Information:

Please contact Susan E. Douglas, PE, Office of Drinking Water, at (804) 864-7490 or Susan.Douglas@vdh.virginia.gov, with any questions regarding the application of this working memo.

Disclaimer:

This document is provided as guidance and, as such, sets forth standard operating procedures for the Office of Drinking Water. However, it does not mandate or prohibit a particular action not otherwise required or prohibited by law. If alternative proposals are made, such proposals will be reviewed and accepted or denied based upon their technical adequacy and compliance with appropriate laws and regulations.

Summary of Revisions:

- Preliminary Source Water Assessment (PreSWA) procedures have been added.
- DEQ coordination procedures for wells located in Groundwater Management Areas have been added.
- Procedures for processing GW-2 forms from 'VA Hydro' website have been included.
- Issuance of SOC waivers has been clarified.
- Three attachments are have been revised:
 - 1. Handbook for Developing a Public Water Supply Well
 - 2. Well Site Inspection Form
 - 3. Well Site Approval/Rejection Letter
- Well Development Activity Checklist has been deleted.
- Mandatory developmental chemical sampling for TNCs has been reduced to nitrates/nitrites only.
- Well lot plat and dedication document requirements have been limited to community waterworks only. NTNCs & TNCs may be granted an exception.

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

1.	APPROVAL PROCEDURE	3
2.	PRELIMINARY SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT	3
3.	WELL SITE INSPECTION	4
	WELL SITE APPROVAL / REJECTION	
5.	WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT (GW-2)	4
	WELL YEILD & DRAWDOWN TESTING	
7.	WELLS IN GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT AREAS	5
8.	RAW WATER SOURCE DEVELOPMENT SAMPLING & TESTING	5
9.	WELL CONSTRUCTION & DESIGN EXCEPTIONS	6
10.	WELL LOT PLATS & DEDICATION DOCUMENTS	6

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Handbook for Developing a Public Water Supply Well
- 2. Well Site Inspection Form
- 3. Well Site Approval/Rejection Letter

1. APPROVAL PROCEDURE

The well approval process is usually initiated when ODW is contacted by the owner of a proposed or existing waterworks about developing a new groundwater source for a public water system. The owner should be directed to the District Engineer initially, and a Preliminary Engineering Conference conducted if the source is for a new owner.

Note that the coastal plain region of Virginia is located within two Groundwater Management Areas (GWMAs) regulated by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). Owners may be required to obtain a Groundwater Withdrawal Permit from the DEQ for wells located in these areas.

ODW must emphasize to the owner that selection of the best possible water source is our goal. After the meeting with the owner, an inspection of the well site is scheduled by ODW and the owner (or owner's agent.) ODW should <u>receive sufficient information about the proposed well sites prior to going out into the field</u> for a well site inspection.

2. PRELIMINARY SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

A Preliminary Source Water Assessment (PreSWA) shall be provided to the owner during the well site inspection or with the well site approval letter. The PreSWA will include maps, summaries of geology, soil type, land use and potential sources of contamination. Field Office staff will have the discretion to customize which GIS data layers to print with the maps. For example, the soils layer may be irrelevant for a properly-constructed well located in the coastal plain, when no potential conduits are identified within the assessment area.

If well site location coordinates are available before the well site inspection, the PreSWA should be shared with the owner during the well site inspection. If this information is not known prior to making a site visit, field office staff may use SWAP Service to create a topographical map of the general area of the well site(s) to facilitate their inspection. This service is available at the following location:

https://gis.vdh.virginia.gov/arcgis/rest/services/ODW/SWAP Service/MapServer.

(Hint: From the 'View In' options, click on 'ArcGIS Online map viewer')

Field Office staff must follow-up with the Central Office to obtain a PreSWA by completing a PreSWA request for each proposed well in the SWAP Tracking Log available at the following location:

\\odwsrv1\odwshare\\15-SWAP-Processing\\SWAP_TrackingLog.xlsx.

Instructions on how to fill out the tracking log are included in the spreadsheet.

The requestor will be notified by email when the PreSWA has been developed and is subsequently available for viewing at the following location:

\\odwsrv1\odwshare\15-SWAP-Processing\07-PreSWA_Outputs.

3. WELL SITE INSPECTION

ODW will perform a well site inspection with the owner or owner's agent. ODW will approve selected sites when they do not present a potential threat to public health, after reviewing the PreSWA and field-verifying the topography, surrounding land use activities, and nearby potential sources of contamination. ODW may suggest an alternative if the well lot is encroaching on any limiting factor (i.e. property line, existing well, easement, etc.). In addition, ODW should inform the owner of well lot building restrictions, and possible restrictions to future property development adjacent to the well lot (to maintain setback requirements to a drainfield, for example). Setbacks greater than the 50 feet minimum may be required from chemical storage areas, waste lagoons, mass drainfields and other facilities which pose an extraordinary risk to the well. Refer to the Handbook for Developing a Public Water Supply Well included in Attachment 1 for specific well site requirements.

During the inspection ODW staff should also:

- Obtain GPS coordinates of the proposed well site(s) in NAD 83 projection,
- Develop a well site sketch highlighting distances and any significant boundaries,
- Identify the proposed site(s) on a topographical map,
- Physically mark the proposed well site and the boundaries of the proposed well lot if possible to prevent confusion about these locations,
- Photograph the site in a manner that the markings are clearly visible in relationship to obvious landmarks.

Use the Well Site Inspection Form provided in Attachment 2 to document the information collected at the inspection.

4. WELL SITE APPROVAL / REJECTION

ODW will review the well site information and sketches and issue an approval letter if the well site is acceptable. As described in the *Waterworks Regulations*, this is a "tentative approval...authorizing him *(the owner)* to proceed with drilling of the well..." Well site approvals are valid for a 12 month period, starting from the date that the tentative approval letter is issued. Use the Well Site Approval/Rejection Letter template provided in Attachment 3, customizing the letter as appropriate for the proposed well(s).

If, after a thorough evaluation, no suitable well site can be identified, the owner should be notified as soon as possible verbally, and by a written letter rejecting the proposed sites investigated. This notification should request a preliminary engineering conference with the owner and engineer to discuss water supply alternatives (optional statement is included in Attachment 3).

5. WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT (GW-2 Form)

Procedures for processing GW-2 forms submitted through 'VA Hydro' website are included in the *Project Review and Permit Procedures Manual (Permit Manual)*.

6. WELL YIELD & DRAWDOWN TESTING

The *Waterworks Regulations* state, "The yield and drawdown test data over a 48-hour minimum period shall be provided; however, in those areas where geologic conditions warrant, the required test period may be varied by the division." The *Waterworks Regulations* allows noncommunity systems with source requirements less than 3 gpm the option of reducing the 48-hour minimum drawdown test period, with a limit of not less than 8 hours. Caution should be used when reducing the test period, particularly in the coastal plain region of Virginia. Non-transient Non-community (NTNC) systems such as schools and

commercial areas that do not operate 24 hours/day may reduce the yield test to 24 hours (or 12 hours in the Coastal Plain), provided that the well drawdown reaches equilibrium prior to the last 6 hours of the reduced test period. See the *Permit Manual* for additional guidance.

7. WELLS IN GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT AREAS

If the waterworks is located in a GWMA, (essentially all land east of I-95), then DEQ may require the waterworks owner to secure a Groundwater Withdrawal Permit. Further information regarding DEQ's permit program can be found at the following location:

http://www.deq.virginia.gov/Programs/Water/WaterSupplyWaterQuantity/GroundwaterPermitting.aspx.

If a Groundwater Withdrawal Permit is required, ODW staff should encourage the waterworks owner to obtain a draft permit from DEQ <u>prior to</u> constructing the well. This is critical because DEQ may specify well construction features that VDH would not otherwise require. For example, DEQ requires all wells located within the Eastern Virginia or Eastern Shore GWMAs to be constructed in a manner to prevent blending or cross-contamination of the aquifers. Wells cannot be constructed that screen multiple aquifers, and must be constructed with gravel packs and grout in a manner that prevents leakage between aquifers. This is not currently addressed in the existing *Waterworks Regulations*, but will be included in future amendments.

ODW should not delay issuance of a waterworks construction permit if DEQ has not completed their evaluation. Note that DEQ's regulations require a Waterworks Operation Permit prior to the issuance of a final Groundwater Withdrawal Permit.

The *Waterworks Regulations* specify a constant rate well yield test. DEQ's groundwater withdrawal permit may require a more elaborate aquifer test plan (usually the subject well and neighboring wells). The Well Site Approval/Rejection Letter template contains clear language for the owner to contact DEQ *prior to* well construction and testing.

8. RAW WATER SOURCE DEVELOPMENT SAMPLING & TESTING

All new community and NTNC wells must test for *all* of the parameters listed in the *Waterworks Regulations*, including:

- Inorganic Chemicals;
- Volatile Organic Chemicals (VOCs);
- Synthetic Organic Chemicals (SOCs) unless waiver obtained;
- Physical Quality (color, odor, pH, TDS, turbidity); and
- Radiological (gross alpha, combined Radium 226 and 228, Uranium) not required for NTNCs.

The only chemical testing requirement for new Transient Non-community (TNC) wells is nitrate/nitrite; however, additional chemical testing may be recommended.

If the well is found to be susceptible to contamination by SOCs after reviewing the PreSWA and performing the initial site visit, then development samples for SOCs listed in the *Waterworks Regulations* are required for community and NTNC waterworks. Otherwise, a "waiver" may be issued to the community or NTNC waterworks for some or all of the SOC parameters. If SOCs are not required, then the decision must be documented in the Well Site Inspection Form.

The PreSWA contains information to facilitate the evaluation process for waiver decisions and also information about SOCs and other contaminants in the SWAP Typical Contaminants Compendium. For

example, the Potential Source of Contamination inventory will show identified SOC risks (see "Contaminant Type" field) and the Land Use map provides an idea of areas where SOCs may be in use (i.e., crop and forest harvest).

All groundwater sources shall be tested in order to enable a determination of Groundwater Under the Direct Influence of Surface Water (GUDI). Twenty (20) bacteriological MPN samples shall be collected for all new wells. In non-karst geology, these samples can be used for a GUDI determination, but karst areas require an additional set of 20 MPNs over a period of time. The sampling and testing protocol for making this determination is given in the *Compliance Sampling and Reporting Guidance Manual for ODW Staff (Sampling Manual)*.

Procedures for ordering development sample test kits from DCLS are given in the *Sampling Manual*. Care should be used when recommending specific sampling test kits, since these are subject to change and may exclude one or more parameters of a class listed in the *Waterworks Regulations*.

9. WELL CONSTRUCTION & DESIGN EXCEPTIONS

Compliance with the minimum construction requirements specified in the *Waterworks Regulations* is required for wells. Specific emphasis on casing pipe and grouting requirements should be brought to the owner's attention, since these differ from Virginia Department of Health standards for private wells. Note that well construction requirements are further restricted by DEQ if they are located within a GWMA, as described previously.

10. WELL LOT PLATS & DEDICATION DOCUMENTS

A well lot plat and deeded dedication document is required for all new waterworks wells, unless an exception to the *Waterworks Regulations* is approved. Only non-community waterworks may be granted an exception to the well lot plat and dedication document. The owner must request an exception (the request can be submitted via email or on paper). In most cases, the exception request should be granted. Refer to the *Permit Manual* for additional guidance.

END OF MEMO





Handbook for Developing a Public Water Supply Well

Revised: August 23, 2016



Preface

STOP! This handbook is <u>not</u> applicable to the development of <u>private</u> wells. For more information on the site and construction criteria for private, non-public wells used for individual residences, small businesses, heat pumps, or irrigation, contact your local health department, or refer to the Commonwealth of Virginia State Board of Health **Private Well Regulations** at

http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/EnvironmentalHealth/Onsite/regulations/.

Objective

The Virginia Department of Health, Office of Drinking Water (VDH-ODW) has prepared this handbook to assist prospective or current public water supply <u>owners</u> with the development of new water supply wells. The handbook describes the well site selection considerations, VDH-ODW approval procedures, and methods and materials required to construct a well intended for potable water consumption.

Disclaimer

This document is not intended to be a comprehensive guide on drinking water wells, but it will provide a quick reference to state standards for development of wells to serve public water supplies. It is the responsibility of the owner to insure that the well driller is licensed and complies with the requirements of the Virginia Waterworks Regulations.

Additional Information

For more information regarding the rules and regulations pertaining to a public water supply system, refer to the Virginia *Waterworks Regulations*, at http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinking-water-office-of-drinking-water-rules-and-regulations/



Table of Contents

Preface		2
Step 1:	Identify Potential Well Sites	4
Step 2:	Schedule VDH-ODW Well Site Visit	5
Step 3:	Obtain Approvals	5
Step 4:	Drill, Case, and Grout Well	6
Step 5:	Develop Well	8
Step 6:	Obtain VDH-ODW Permits	10

Step 1: Identify Potential Well Sites

The siting, or placement, of a well is a crucial step in the development of a groundwater source. The location of a well should consider property lines, topography, geology and potential sources of contamination resulting from land use, such as waste disposal systems. The following sections describe issues that must be considered during the well siting process.

<u>Future Property Needs</u> When siting a well, it is very important to consider past, current and projected land use in the proposed well area. Once a well is approved for public use, no construction or activity unrelated to the waterworks is allowed on the well lot.

As an owner, you have the right to request specific sites for your proposed well or wells. A VDH-ODW representative will complete an on-site inspection of the proposed well site(s). VDH-ODW staff may suggest more suitable locations, based on the results of the site inspection. If you have concerns or reservations about future land use or development plans, discuss these with VDH-ODW Field Office staff.

Well Lot Dimensions

Well lots are typically 100 ft. by 100 ft., centered on the well casing. However, larger dedicated well lots may be required if topography could direct potential contamination toward the well. Well lot dimensions will be discussed and established during the well site inspection.

<u>Potential Sources Of Contamination (PSCs)</u> When selecting a well site, you should be knowledgeable of the location of nearby PSCs, such as septic tanks, drain fields, and underground fuel storage tanks. VDH-ODW can provide you with a preliminary source water assessment identifying potential sources of contamination from available records. Your Local Health Department may help you obtain information regarding waste disposal and private wells located in the vicinity of a proposed well.

<u>Well Location Standards</u> Wells should not be located in parking areas or inside a 100-year flood plain, unless appropriate protection measures are taken. The following table lists the minimum horizontal distances between the proposed well(s) and specific features.

Feature	Minimum Separation Distance
Barnyard, Animal Feed Lot	50 ft.
Cesspool, Pit Privy, Septic Tanks	50 ft.
Drain Fields and Purification Fields	50 ft.
Petroleum & Chemical Storage Tanks or Pipes	50 ft. (100 ft. if plastic well casing)
Power Lines & Utility Easements / Rights of Way	50 ft.
Property Lines	50 ft.
Sewage Pipes	50 ft.
All known sources of contamination not shown above*	50 ft.

^{*} Even when identified features are farther than 50 ft away, they remain important items to consider under a wellhead protection plan.

<u>Wellhead Protection</u> The quality of groundwater can be seriously impacted by various factors, such as an improperly located or constructed well, failing septic systems, herbicide or pesticide usage, urban stormwater runoff, nearby landfills, and chemical or fuel storage. Wellhead Protection Plans help to eliminate or reduce these potential contamination risks, thus increasing a well source's sustainability. Wellhead Protection Plans are generally developed by following these five steps:

- 1. Select a planning team
- 2. Delineate the wellhead protection area
- 3. Identify potential sources of contaminations
- 4. Determine actions to mitigate the risks
- 5. Define contingency measures

Planning for wellhead protection while selecting a site may help to reduce the amount of PSCs associated to the proposed well(s). VDH-ODW may offer additional guidance in developing a Wellhead Protection Plan, as well as funding opportunities to eligible waterworks. Additional information about Source Water Protection, references and assistance opportunities is available at

http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinking-water/source-water-programs/

Step 2: Schedule VDH-ODW Well Site Visit

The second step is to contact the VDH-ODW to schedule a well site inspection. During this inspection you should be prepared to provide VDH-ODW with information about the proposed well sites you have selected prior to going out into the field for a well site inspection.

If the proposed project requires a new septic tank and drain field, the Local Health Department should be contacted prior to the well site inspection to avoid conflicts between the placement of the well and waste systems. VDH-ODW personnel will assist in making the determination whether additional state agency involvement is required. VDH-ODW service areas map and staff contact information is available at http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinking-water/contact-us/

Step 3: Obtain Approvals



A representative from your VDH-ODW Field Office will perform an on-site assessment of each proposed well location. The assessment will include a preliminary evaluation of the well's susceptibility to contamination. Sketches, maps, measurements, and coordinates will be noted during the well site inspection. If acceptable, tentative approval will be given in a written letter that shall include topographic maps with the proposed site(s) identified, well lot sketches identifying any potential sources of contamination, and significant landmarks.

VDH-ODW's approval of the well site(s) is <u>valid for 12 months</u>. If drilling of the well has not begun within 12 months of the approval date, the proposed sites will need to be re-inspected by VDH-ODW personnel.

Wells located in Groundwater Management Areas (GWMAs) The Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) administers a Ground Water Withdrawal Permit Program to manage water resources within two specific geographical regions of Virginia. These geographic regions encompass all of the Coastal Plain geology in Virginia. The following table describes the counties and cities that fall within the GWMA.

If you are developing a well within the coastal plain (GWMA), contact DEQ to determine if a Groundwater Withdrawal Permit is required. All persons who withdraw more than 300,000 gallons of groundwater in any month in the designated GWMAs must obtain a groundwater withdrawal permit.

Eastern Shore	Counties		
GWMA	Accomack and Northampton		
Eastern Virginia GWMA	Counties Caroline*, Charles City, Chesterfield*, Essex, Fairfax*, Gloucester, Hanover*, Henrico*, Isle of Wight, James City, King George, King William, King and Queen, Lancaster, Mathews, Middlesex, New Kent, Northumberland, Prince George, Prince William*, Richmond, Southampton, Spotsylvania*, Stafford*, Surry, Sussex, Westmoreland, and York Independent Cities Chesapeake, Franklin, Hampton, Hopewell, Newport News, Norfolk, Poquoson, Portsmouth, Suffolk, Virginia Beach, and Williamsburg		
* Only those portions east of I-95 are included in the GWMA			

If a Groundwater Withdrawal Permit is required by DEQ, it is crucial to coordinate the permitting requirements of both State agencies. DEQ may require specific construction features if a well is drilled through multiple aquifers (typical of the Coastal Plain region). Also, DEQ's Aquifer Test Plan differs from the well yield and drawdown testing typically required by VDH-ODW. Consult DEQ to determine what construction and testing requirements will apply before drilling and developing a public water supply well.

Further information regarding DEQ's Groundwater Withdrawal Permitting Program can be found at http://www.deq.virginia.gov/Programs/Water/WaterSupplyWaterQuantity/GroundwaterPermitting.aspx.

The DEQ Office of Ground Water Characterization (OGWC) strongly suggests that bore hole geophysical logs be obtained in newly constructed public water supply wells in the Coastal Plain at the time of drilling, since it is impossible to obtain a geophysical log of the well once it is completed. By obtaining a bore hole geophysical log at the time of drilling, you will already have one of the most important pieces of information necessary to obtain a withdrawal permit. The geophysical logs can be used to select accurate well screen placement depths, and can assist in analyzing well yield and water quality issues.

Step 4: Drill, Case, and Grout Well

The proper drilling, casing, and subsequent grouting of a proposed well is essential to maintain water quality and reduce potential susceptibility to contamination. A variety of issues may contribute to the manner in which the well source is developed, including siting requirements, geological conditions, and borehole and casing depths. This step details information that may affect the methods, procedures,

supplies, and materials used to develop a groundwater

source.

<u>Certified Water Well Systems Provider</u>

water well system providers are allowed to develop, remediate, or abandon public wells. Contact the Virginia Department of Professional and Occupation Regulation at http://www.dpor.virginia.gov/LicenseLookup/.

Planning for Sampling

After the well is drilled, a yield and drawdown test of the well is performed, and bacteriological, chemical, and radiological samples are collected. Prior to drilling, it is essential that you discuss the sampling requirements with your licensed water well system provider in order to have the necessary sample containers on hand. These procedures are described in Step 5.

<u>Materials, Casing And Grouting</u> All well construction materials and components must meet appropriate specifications and standards stated in the Virginia *Waterworks Regulations*. This includes well casing material (steel or plastic) and grout.

IMPORTANT: Requirements for materials acceptable for use in the installation of PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY WELLS are more stringent than those for PRIVATE WELL construction. Should there be any questions regarding the proper materials to use, contact your VDH-ODW field office.



Six-inch steel well casing. Photo courtesy Dempsey Steel Pipe, Inc.

<u>Well construction classification</u> Your well site approval letter will specify the minimum construction class for your proposed wells. The well construction classifications are described below:

Class I	 Drilled and cased to a depth sufficient to exclude undesirable groundwater, NO LESS THAN 100 feet in depth Drill hole diameter at least 3 inches greater than the outside diameter of the couplings of the casing Annular space around the casing grouted to a depth of at least 100 feet
Class IIB*	 Drilled and cased to a depth sufficient to exclude undesirable groundwater, NO LESS THAN 50 feet in depth Drill hole diameter at least 3 inches greater than the outside diameter of the couplings of the casing Drill hole terminates in solid rock or other impervious formation (when practical) Annular space around the casing grouted to a depth of at least 50 feet

^{*}Class IIA wells are not typically approved by VDH-ODW.

<u>Wells In Rock</u> Class IIB wells constructed in hard rock must have well casing extended to a minimum depth of 50 feet, terminating in rock. If rock is encountered at a depth of less than 50 feet, the casing must still extend to a depth of at least 50 feet. The well must be pressure grouted from the bottom of the annular opening to ground level.

<u>Drilling Documentation</u> The certified water well systems provider must complete a Water Well Completion Report (GW-2 Form) for all new, rehabilitated, and abandoned wells.

Water well system providers may submit GW-2 Forms through the internet reporting website, VA Hydro: http://deq2.bse.vt.edu/d.dh/?q=user. VA Hydro can be used from mobile devices, provided you have access to the internet.

Additional information about background, login credentials, resolving issues and submitting the GW-2 data electronically on VA Hydro can be found on DEQ's website at: http://www.deq.virginia.gov/Programs/Water/WaterSupplyWaterQuantity/On-LineDataReporting.aspx.

A copy of the GW-2 Form is also available at: http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinking-water/permits-and-design/well-development-procedures/

Grouting The annular space around the well casing requires grouting per the *Waterworks Regulations*. Please note: while bentonite grout is allowed for private wells, it is NOT acceptable for public wells. The well driller must notify the appropriate VDH-ODW Field Office of the date and time that the well will be grouted. This information should be provided as soon as possible so that a VDH-ODW representative may be present during grouting.

Proper Well Abandonment Any well, whether intended for production, observation, or study that is not completed in accordance with the construction requirements of the Waterworks Regulations must be permanently abandoned (sealed) in a manner that restores the pre-existing geological conditions. Once the decision is made to not place the well into service, it should be promptly abandoned. Wells that are not properly abandoned increase the risk of contamination of the aquifer(s).

In some instances, the DEQ may want to use the well for research or testing purposes. Therefore, it is a good practice to contact the DEQ's Office of Ground Water Characterization and offer them an opportunity to assume responsibility of the well. Their contact information is available at: http://www.deg.virginia.gov/Programs/Water/WaterSupplyWaterQuantity/GroundwaterCharacterization/Contacts.aspx

Step 5: Develop Well

Well development consists of conditioning (if warranted), disinfection, yield and drawdown testing, and sampling after the well is drilled. The well should be disinfected prior to sampling due to the activities and exposures associated with the drilling process. The well must be disinfected after the production pump (if different from the test pump) is installed. Generally, a certified water well system provider is aware of the proper methods required to disinfect a well. The correct disinfection procedures for disinfecting a well with chlorine are given in ANSI / AWWA Standard C654 - Disinfection of Wells.

The well yield and drawdown data are required to determine the capacity of the source, assist in selecting a pump, and verifying that the source will be sufficient for the public water system's needs. The samples are analyzed for bacteriological, chemical and radiological qualities, and are evaluated to determine if water treatment will be required.

Yield & Drawdown Tests The well and pump capacity of a groundwater source must be determined before the well will be approved for public use. The data gathered from the yield test is crucial to the waterworks, since a low yield may mean additional sources or storage will be needed to meet the waterworks' needs, or limit the waterworks' service capacity.

If a new well is within close proximity of an existing well, DEQ or VDH-

Immediately following the yield and drawdown test the water level recovery in the well should be recorded

¹ The Waterworks Regulations permits a reduction in the well drawdown test duration for Noncommunity waterworks having a

ODW may require monitoring of the water level of the nearby well during the yield pump test. If the water level in the nearby well drops, a simultaneous pump test may be required. This will provide better information with which to determine the safe yield of both sources. Generally, the yield and drawdown test duration required by VDH-ODW is at least 48 hours. DEQ may require additional testing procedures for wells located in the Coastal Plain (GWMAs). VDH-ODW recommends that the pumping rate be controlled throughout the test to maximize the production from the well, and to produce a stabilized pump water level for at least the last six hours of the yield test.

production of less than 3 gpm. This reduction must be approved by VDH-ODW prior to conducting the test.

for no less than two hours or until the well returns to its static water level, whichever occurs first. A standard Well Yield and Recovery Report form is available at http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinking-water/permits-and-design/well-development-procedures/

<u>Laboratory Selection</u> The Division of Consolidated Laboratories (DCLS), or a laboratory certified by DCLS, must perform all bacteriological, radiological and chemical testing of the water samples from a proposed well. A list of DCLS certified labs is available at

http://www.dgs.virginia.gov/DivisionofConsolidatedLaboratoryServices/Services/LaboratoryCertification/tabid/508/Default.aspx.

If you would like to use DCLS for your well development testing, the Office of Drinking water can assist with coordinating with DCLS for sample kit order forms and sample collection and shipping instructions.

<u>Bacteriological Sampling</u> The bacteriological quality of every proposed groundwater source for a public water supply must be evaluated. The purpose of these tests is to determine if continuous disinfection or additional treatment is required for the waterworks. For a newly constructed well, or a well undergoing modification or reconditioning, a series of 20 bacteriological samples must be collected during the latter portion of the yield and drawdown test. If the well was disinfected with chlorine, the well must be pumped to waste until all of the chlorine residual has been removed from the well before collecting the bacteriological or any other water quality samples. The 20 samples must be analyzed by a Most



Sampling Challenges

Some of the developmental samples that must be taken at your new well may have special collection or shipping requirements. For example, bacteriological MPN samples must be received by your laboratory for processing within 30 hours of collection. Consult with your laboratory on sampling preservation, holding times, and other special requirements.

Probable Number (MPN) method for total coliform bacteria and *E. coli*. The MPN samples should be collected at minimum thirty minute intervals during the last ten hours of the yield and drawdown test. If a different time interval is desired, contact your VDH-ODW Field Office for prior approval. Ensure hygienic

methods are used during the collection of these samples in order to avoid accidentally contaminating a sample.

If DCLS is used for MPN testing, you should notify DCLS at least 24 hours prior to sampling, to ensure that the samples will be accepted and processed. It is recommended that similar arrangements be made with any private laboratory that you use.

<u>Chemical, Physical and Radiological Sampling</u> In addition to monitoring the microbial characteristics of the well source, a variety of chemical, radiological and physical parameters must be checked during well development in order to ensure adequate water quality. The specific parameters required for testing and the number of samples required will be determined by VDH-ODW. Tests may include analysis of metals, inorganic chemicals (including nitrate, nitrite, and cyanide), physical parameters, radiological contaminants, (such as uranium and radium), and volatile organic chemicals (such as fuels and solvents), and synthetic organic chemicals (including pesticides and herbicides).

The chemical and radiological samples should be collected near the end of the yield and drawdown test, prior to the recovery period.

For detailed information regarding water quality standards, potential health effects, and typical sources of contamination, refer to EPA's National Primary Drinking Water Standards at http://www.epa.gov/your-drinking-water/table-regulated-drinking-water-contaminants

<u>Well Development Test Results</u> VDH-ODW will review the well test data upon receipt. The yield and drawdown test results, along with results from the bacteriological and chemical sampling, will be used to

determine how much water the well can reliably produce, and whether the water will need to be treated to meet water quality standards. Most laboratories (including DCLS) will report bacteriological and chemical test results directly to VDH-ODW. You will be advised of the results, their interpretation, and any additional or follow-up testing needed.

Step 6: Obtain VDH-ODW Permits

The approval you will have obtained from VDH-ODW by following Steps 1 through 5 is limited to well drilling, casing, grouting, and testing. Steps 1 through 5 of the well development process are designed to answer basic questions about your proposed water supply source:

- Do the well lot and location meet basic requirements for size, clearances to boundaries, and protection from potential sources of contamination?
- Once the well has been drilled and installed, does it produce enough water to meet the waterworks' needs?
- Now that the well has been tested, is the water quality suitable, or is treatment needed to remove contaminants?

Further construction of the waterworks, including installation of the permanent well pump, electrical service, well house, water treatment, storage, or distribution piping, is not authorized until VDH-ODW issues a <u>Construction Permit</u>. Obtaining the Construction Permit is your next step. Contact the VDH-ODW Field Office to discuss the project, and schedule a Preliminary Engineering Conference, if necessary.

A <u>Permit Application</u> will need to be submitted to the VDH-ODW Field Office. Additional information regarding permits can be found at http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinking-water/permits-and-design/

The <u>Preliminary Engineering Conference (PEC)</u> is a meeting held between VDH-ODW staff, the owner, and the design engineer. Depending on the complexity of the project, the meeting may be held in person or a phone call may be appropriate. During this meeting, VDH-ODW staff will discuss the sample results, required and recommended treatment, engineering document submittal requirements, and answer any questions you or your design engineer may have. It will also be determined at this meeting if a <u>Preliminary Engineer Report (PER)</u> is required.

A PER is necessary for new sources with difficult water quality issues such as arsenic, nitrates, and high dissolved solids. The PER must be completed by a licensed Professional Engineer and the report must be approved by VDH-ODW.

Design Considerations

The Virginia *Waterworks Regulations* provides detailed standards for the design and construction of public water supply wells. Required appurtenances include a sanitary seal for the top of the well casing, a properly screened vent, sampling tap, well pump controls, a concrete floor or apron surrounding the well, and well pump support. A means for measuring water level in the well is also required. All such appurtenances must be detailed in the construction plans and specifications that you and your design engineer must submit to VDH-ODW. However, such features should not be installed until the plans have been approved, and a Construction Permit issued.

<u>Plans, specifications and design calculations</u> for the project must be developed by a licensed Professional Engineer (PE) and submitted to the VDH-ODW Field Office. An exemption to the PE requirement is allowed under specific conditions for Transient Noncommunity waterworks. VDH-ODW staff will review the plans to ensure the design complies with the Waterworks Regulations. Often, VDH-ODW staff will provide comments on the design and require revisions to the plans and specifications.

A well lot plat & dedication/certification document is required for all waterworks wells, unless an exception has been granted. Under certain circumstances, ODW may grant an exception to the well lot plat and dedication document for non-community waterworks. Exceptions will not be granted for community waterworks wells. The intent of these materials is to describe the proposed well lot and record the information to ensure the well lot is only used for waterworks-related activities. Additional buildings, parking lots, or storage may not occur within the well lot. The plat must be signed by the clerk of the respective court, noting the deed book, page number and date. The well lot dedication/certification document must be signed by the clerk of the court and notarized. You will be required to submit these documents when you submit plans and specifications to obtain a waterworks Construction Permit. Templates are available at http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinking-water/permits-and-design/

Once the final plans and specifications are approved and the well lot plat and dedication document have been recorded by the clerk of the court, a <u>Construction Permit</u> is issued. This is your authorization to complete the construction of your new well system. Your Construction Permit will provide details to you regarding the items that need to be performed prior to placing your new well into operation. These may include pressure testing, bacteriological testing, letter of substantial completion from the engineer, and final inspection by VDH-ODW staff.

The final permit you will be issued is the <u>Operation Permit</u>. If you have an existing waterworks and already have an Operation Permit, it may be amended to include the new source. For a new waterworks, you will be issued a new Operation Permit. Contact your VDH-ODW Field Office for specific requirements for new permits, monitoring, and reporting.

Your new well may now be used!

Waterworks Operation Permi

John J. Aulhach II, P.E., Director, Office of Drinking Water

VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OFFICE OF DRINKING WATER WELL SITE INSPECTION FORM

(Revised 10/26/2021)

Preliminary Information				
Well site visit requested by: On Date:				
Scheduled for (date/time):				
Meet at (location):				
ODW Well Development Handbook \square emailed	prior to inspection $\ \square$ distribut	ted at inspection □ not needed		
Owner/agent advised to contact Local Health Department?				
Will local health department representative be	present at site inspection?	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Proposed development is in Groundwater Ma	nagement Area	☐ Yes ☐ No		
Owner/agent advised to contact	DEQ?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ NA		
Waterworks is existing proposed Waterworks true: Community NITNC				
Waterworks type: ☐ Community ☐ NTNC ☐				
Waterworks is/will serve	population at ——	service connections		
Waterworks name or proposed name:				
PWSID (if assigned): City/County:				
Attendance at Inspection				
Inspected by:		Date:		
Name:	Name:			
Affiliation: Owner				
Address:	Address:			
Phone:	Phone:			
Email:	Email:			
Receives correspondence? \(\subseteq \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
Name:	Name:			
Affiliation:	Affiliation:	Affiliation:		
Address:	Address:			
Phone:	Phone:			
Email:	Email:			
Receives correspondence? \Box Y \Box N	Receives correspo	ondence? □ Y □ N		

Site Characterization (prepare a separate form for each marked well site)				
Well name:		Marked:		
Latitude:	Longitude:	Datum:		
Geologic conditions:				
Is wellhead protected from from flooding)	n 100-yr flood 🛭 Y 🔲 N (lov	ver elevation may be considered if well can be protected		
Access road available or	adjoins public road: \Box Y \Box	N (Community only)		
Electrical service available	e: 🗆 Y 🗆 N			
Minimum 50 ft distance: (12 VAC 5-590-840)				
inspection findings)? \square Y		Cs) within 1000 ft radius from well (from PreSWA and site		
Will topography within 10	00 ft radius from well direct co	ntamination towards the well? □ Y □ N		
Does the PreSWA or site (If Y, require SO	•	OC contamination? □ Y □ N		
Is the well site approved?	□Y □N I	f yes, Class and Type:		

Well Site Sketch		
	<u> </u>	

Topographic maps attached: □

Summary (approved s	sites only)					
Well Name	Construction Class	Yield / Drawdown Test Duration (hrs.)	Yield/Drawdown Simultaneous With Adjacent Wells	Dedicated Well Lot Dimensions (specify minimum)	Site Improvements Needed	Dev Testing Required
						☐ MPN Qty
		☐ ODW Protocol for			1	□ юс
		hours			1	☐ Metals
					1	☐ Nitrate ☐ Nitrite
			1		1	□ VOCs
					1	☐ Radiological
					1	☐ SOC Carbamates
		☐ DEQ Protocol			1	☐ SOC Chlor Acid Herb
		(Groundwater Managem	ent Area permittees ONLY)		1	☐ SOC Diquat
					1	☐ SOC Semi-Volatile
					1	☐ SOC Volatile Fumigants
						☐ Cyanide
					1	☐ MPN Qty
		☐ ODW Protocol for			1	□ юс
	hours	hours			1	☐ Metals
				1	☐ Nitrate ☐ Nitrite	
				1	□ VOCs	
					1	Radiological
					1	☐ SOC Carbamates
		☐ DEQ Protocol			1	SOC Chlor Acid Herb
		(Groundwater Managem	ent Area permittees ONLY)		1	☐ SOC Diquat
					1	SOC Semi-Volatile
					1	SOC Volatile Fumigants
						☐ Cyanide
					1	☐ MPN Qty
	ODW Protocol for hours			1	□ юс	
				1	☐ Metals	
					1	☐ Nitrate ☐ Nitrite
					1	□ VOCs
					1	☐ Radiological
					1	☐ SOC Carbamates
		☐ DEQ Protocol			1	☐ SOC Chlor Acid Herb
	(Groundwater Management Area permittees ONLY)					SOC Diquat
					1	SOC Semi-Volatile
						SOC Volatile Fumigants
						☐ Cyanide

SUBJECT: <u>County/City</u>
Waterworks: <u>Waterworks Name</u>

PWSID No: PWSID

<u>Date</u>

Waterworks Owner Address 1 Address 2 City, State, Zip

Dear Waterworks Owner:

This letter provides the results of our <u>date of inspection</u> inspection of the proposed well site(s) to serve <u>describe service area or state the existing waterworks name</u>. In accordance with the <u>Waterworks Regulations</u>, the following well site(s) is(are) tentatively approved by the Virginia Department of Health Office of Drinking Water (VDH-ODW) for the construction of a well to be utilized as a public drinking water supply:

List approved well site(s) or use none

The approval of the well site(s) listed above expires 12 months from the date of this letter, and is subject to the conditions described in the attached Well Site Approval Conditions Form(s). This approval is limited to well drilling, casing, grouting, and testing of the well. If drilling of any well(s) listed above has not commenced by the expiration date, a re-inspection of the well site(s) is required.

Upon receipt of the required documentation and after plans and specifications have been approved, a Construction Permit will be issued by the State Health Commissioner in accordance with the *Waterworks Regulations*. Construction of the waterworks facilities shall not be started until the construction permit has been issued.

Waterworks wells must be constructed by a Water Well Systems Provider certified by the Virginia Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation (DPOR). You may confirm licensure status by contacting DPOR or using the search tool on DPOR's website at the following address: http://www.dpor.virginia.gov/LicenseLookup/.

Construction and development of waterworks wells must follow specific procedures. Please refer to the conditions below and our website at https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/drinking-water/permits-and-design/well-development-procedures/ for details.

A Preliminary Source Water Assessment (PreSWA) has been compiled for the proposed well(s). Attached you will find inventory, maps and summaries of land use and potential sources of contamination within the assessment area of the proposed well(s). Please take the time to review this information and contact our office if you have any questions or corrections. This information may be used to generate a Source Water Protection Plan if desired. For assistance developing a Source Water Protection Plan, please contact sourcewater@vdh.virginia.gov.

Upon request, an electronic version of the Preliminary Source Water Assessment information may be emailed to you. If you or your consultant has GIS software, we can also provide a geodatabase to facilitate

further work with the data. To learn more about our Source Water Assessment and Protection Programs, as well as eligibility for assistance and funding opportunities to implement source water protection measures, we encourage you to visit our website at the following address: http://www.vdh.virginia.gov/ODW/SourceWaterPrograms/index.htm.

If applicable:

The following well site(s) was(were) rejected by VDH-ODW: List rejected well site(s) and explain why, or use none

Please contact me if you have further questions or need to coordinate a preliminary engineering conference to discuss water supply alternatives as a result of the rejected well site(s).

Sincerely,

Engineering Field Director/Deputy Field

Director

Field Office Name

Enclosures:

Well Approval Conditions Form Preliminary Source Water Assessment(s)

cc: VDH-ODW-Central
County Administrator
County Building Official

WELL APPROVAL CONDITIONS FORM

Approved Well Site(s)		{Well ID}	{Well ID}	{Well ID}	{Well ID}	
	Latitude:					
T	Longitude:					
Location:	Marked: {e.g., Blue Flagging Tape}					
Well Construction Class:	{Class II or Class I}. Refer to Waterworks Regulations 12VAC5-590-840 F.					
Approval Expiration Date:	{Insert date} If drilling of the well has not commenced by this date, re-inspection of the well site is required.					
	Minimum distance of 50 feet between the well and all potential sources of contamination, property lines, and rights-of-way or easements on the property. Refer to <i>Waterworks Regulations</i> Sections 12VAC5-590-840 D & E. See attached (<i>sketch, topographic map, photo, etc.</i>).					
Well Location	The well lot must be graded as necessary to divert surface run-off from the well and to prevent ponding on the well lot.					
and Well Lot:	{For Community:} If the well lot does not adjoin a public road, it must be served by an access road and include an access easement recorded as part of the well lot.					
	{For Community:} The well lot and access to the lot shall be located on a survey.					
	The well must be located higher than the 100-year flood elevation or a lower elevation may be considered if it can be adequately shown that the well can be protected from flooding.					
Grouting:	Use neat cement grout, in accordance with <i>Waterworks Regulations</i> Section 12VAC5-590-840 G 5. Notify this office of the date and time that the well will be grouted. Provide this information as soon as possible so that a member of our staff may be present during grouting.					
	A yield and draw	down test must b	e run for at least {s	elect one:}		
	• 48 hours					
	• approved reduced time (no less than 12 hours) for noncommunity waterworks requiring 3 gpm or less over normal hours of operation.					
Well Yield and Drawdown Test:	We recommended the pumping rate be controlled throughout the test to maximize the production from the well and to produce a stabilized pump water level for at least the last 6 hours of the yield test. Immediately following the yield and drawdown test the water level recovery in the well should be recorded for no less than 6 hours or until the well returns to its static water level, whichever occurs first. If water will discharge into streams during pumping tests, please contact the Department of Environmental Quality (<u>name</u>) Regional Office to determine if a discharge permit is required.					

	Because the proposed well is located within close proximity of existing well(s)
Simultaneous Testing Required:	(<u>name</u>), monitoring of the water level of the nearby well(s) should be conducted during the yield pump test. If the water level in the nearby well drops, a simultaneous pump test may be required. This will assure better information with which to determine the safe yield of both sources.
Well in Groundwater Management Area:	This waterworks is located in a Groundwater Management Area as declared by the State Water Control Board. Prior to well construction and testing , contact the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Central Office for further information on the Groundwater Withdrawal Permit requirements and procedures. DEQ may have additional requirements regarding well construction and testing beyond those required by the Office of Drinking Water. For more information, visit DEQ's website at the following address:
	https://www.deq.virginia.gov/permits-regulations/permits/water/water-withdrawal/ground-water.
	A series of twenty bacteriological samples must be collected from the well discharge and submitted to a certified laboratory (DCLS or private laboratory) in order to determine the bacteriological quality of the raw groundwater.
	{For 48 hour yield testing:} One bacteriological sample should be collected at minimum 30 minute intervals during the last 10 hours of the yield and drawdown test.
	{For less than 48 hour yield testing:} One bacteriological sample should be collected at minimum (<u>enter numerical number</u>) minute intervals during the last (<u>enter numerical number</u>) hours of the yield and drawdown test. These samples must be analyzed by the total coliform and E. coli Most Probable Number (MPN) test method.
Required Bacteriological, Chemical, Physical and	{For Community and NTNCs:} Water samples must be collected and analyzed for cyanide, nitrate + nitrite (combined), nitrite-N, inorganic chemicals, metals, radiological (radiological tests are not required for NTNCs), and volatile organic chemicals. The chemical samples should be collected near the end of the pump test, prior to the recovery period.
Radiological Sampling:	{For TNCs:} Water samples must be collected and analyzed for nitrate + nitrite (combined) and nitrite-N. It is recommended that samples be analyzed for inorganic contaminants and metals also, to determine if water will result in objectionable taste, odor, color, or cause corrosion or calcium build up. (Based on the PreSWA results, ODW staff may also recommend sampling for radiological, VOCs and SOCs)
	<i>{For Community and NTNCs:}</i> The wellhead area has been found to be vulnerable to contamination by synthetic organic chemicals (SOCs) due to (<i>list potential contamination</i>). Water samples must be collected to analyze for SOCs. The samples should be collected near the end of the pump test, prior to the recovery period. <i>or</i>
	As the wellhead area does not appear to be vulnerable {based on source water assessment} to contamination by synthetic organic chemicals (SOCs), SOC sampling is not required.

	Uniform Water Well Completion Report (Form GW-2) and schematic drawing(s) of well construction
	Well yield, drawdown, and recovery test results
	Results of required bacteriological and chemical sampling (if not reported directly by laboratory)
Submittals Required For Review Prior to Issuance of	{For Community} Recorded plat of the well lot, and a recorded deeded dedication document for the well lot. The dedication document shall clearly state that the well lot will be used only for the waterworks appurtenances as long as the lot is being used as part of the waterworks. Refer to Waterworks Regulations 12VAC5-590-200
Construction	Construction permit application
Permit:	Final construction plans and specifications, including design calculations, prepared by a licensed professional engineer. A Preliminary Engineering Report may be required prior to submission of final construction documents.
	{For applicable TNCs – See Permit Manual for guidance:} Plans for construction permits for transient non-community waterworks may be exempt from the Professional Engineer licensure requirements under certain conditions.

Form GW-2 Revised 8/19/2016 Page 1 of 4

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well # _	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN #_	
DH PWSID #	

1. Contact Informa	ntion*					
Contact:	Nai	me		Addre	SC	Phone
Owner	114	III C		Huure	55	1 Hone
Driller						
System Provider						
System 110videi						
2. Well Location*	*				,	
Physical Address:					County/City:	
Subdivision Name:			Section:		Block:	Lot:
Tax Map/GPIN #:			<u>, </u>			
Latitude:				itude:		W
Datum Source	Horizontal:	□ WGS84	□ NAD83			
Lat/Long Source (□ GPS □	PPDGPS	□ Survey □	Imagery WAAS
Location Informat		By:				
Physical Location	Description:					
3. Facility & Use ⁵	k					
Type of Facility (C			Т	o of Ugo (C	Shools All That A	andri).
☐ Private	neck One).	☐ Drink	ing/Domestic U		Check All That A Agricultural	□ Food Processing
☐ Waterworks			facturing		Irrigation	☐ Injection
☐ Observation/Mo	onitoring Well		ermal (Cooling/He		Fire Safety	injection
- Observation/ivic	mitoring wen			atilig)	The Salety	
		□ Ope	n: Returned to Sur			
			☐ Returned to Aq	uifer		
4 11 0	4. 4.					
4. Well Construc						
Well designation, N	Name or Num		1-41		T D:	
Date Started:	(One), [] I	Date Con	_	A 🗖 IIII	Type Rig:	шь п ше п м
Class Well (Check						
Construction Type Well Depth:		: New Hole (borel	Existing-l	vioainea: ⊔ ft.	Well Pump: Da Depth to Bedre	
Hole Size (Include		` `		ft.	Inches from	
Height of Casing a		<u> </u>	ft.	inches	menes no	m to ft.
Casing Size (I.D.) a			Total Depth o		ft.	
inches from			Material	r cusing.	Weight per ft.	or wall thickness in.
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Material		Weight per ft.	or wall thickness in.
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Material		Weight per ft.	or wall thickness in.
Screen Size & Mes		Tt. 🗖 minied	- Iviateriai		weight per it.	or wan anexicss in:
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Mesh Size		Туре	
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Mesh Size		Type	
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Mesh Size		Туре	
Water Zones: from		ft.	2	o ft.	from to	ft.
Gravel Pack:			110111 0	- 100	110111 00	200
Size: Type:	fı	rom t	o ft. Si	ze: Ty	ype:	from to ft.
Grout Type:			'	Grouting	•	Type of Seal:
☐ Bentonite Slurry I	☐ Neat Cement	from	to ft.	☐ Poured from	n surface	□ pitless adapter
☐ Bentonite pellets/chips ☐ Neat Cement (6% benton		from	to ft.		ough tremmie pipe	☐ sanitary seal
Unkeat Cement (6% bentonite) from to ft. □ Pumped from bottom upward Camera Survey: □ Yes □ No Date Conducted:						
Additional Well Co			tion Attached:	□ Yes		viiduciou.
Tadioonal Will C	Japan delion I'	Jam amorina	and a struction.	_ 103	_ 110	

^{*}Indicates required field or section

**Indicates required field or section, if applicable

Form GW-2 Revised 8/19/2016 Page 2 of 4

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well #	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN#	
VDH PWSID #	

Well designation, Name or Number*:
5. Disinfection
Well Disinfected: ☐ Yes ☐ No Date:
6. Abandonment (*When abandoning the well, Sections 1 thru 4 must be completed and/or attach original GW-2)
Date Started: Date Completed: Static Water Level (unpumped level measured): ft.
Casing Size (I.D.) and Materials: Casing Pulled: Yes No Uncased Well
Depth of Fill: Type and Source of Fill:
Grout: From to Type: From to Type:
Method of permanently marking location:
7. Pump Test** Static Water Level (unpumped level measured): ft.
Date: Method (Check One):
Stabilized measured pumping water level: ft.
Date: Method (Check One): ☐ Top of Well ☐ Top of Casing ☐ Surface Level
Test Pump Intake Depth: ft Stabilized Yield: gpm after hours
Natural Flow: ☐ Yes ☐ No Flow Rate gpm
Estimated Well Yield: gpm
8. Pump Data**
Type: □ submersible □ Turbine □ Shallow Jet □ Deep Jet □ Other: Motor HP:
Type. — submersione — ratome — shanow set — Deep set — other intotor in .
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed:
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed:
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No Comments: Formation Lithology Province Geologic Map Used
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No Comments:

Form GW-2 Revised 8/19/2016 Page 3 of 4

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well # _	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN #_	
VDH PWSID#	

10. Driller's Log (Use additional sheets if necessary)*

Well d	esignati	on, Name or Number:			
Depth	(feet)	Type of Rock or Soil	Remarks	Drilling Time (Min.)	Diagram of Well Construction (with dimensions)
From	To	(Color, material, fossils, hardness, etc.)	(Water, caving, cavities, etc.)		
			cavities, etc.)		

11. Certification

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature*:	 Date:
_	
License Number:	

^{*}Indicates required field or section

^{**}Indicates required field or section, if applicable

Form GW-2 Revised 8/19/2016 Page 4 of 4

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well # _	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN#_	
VDH PWSID #	

Additional Well Construction Data

(Use and submit only if additional space is needed)

12. Additional Well Construction Data

Well designation, Name or Number:											
Physical Loc	Physical Location: Date Started: Date Completed:										
Hole Size (Include reamed zones):											
inches	from	to	ft.	inch	es from	to	ft.	inc	ches fro	m to	ft.
inches	from	to	ft.	inch	es from	to	ft.	inc	ches fro	m to	ft.
inches	from	to	ft.	inch	es from	to	ft.	ind	ches fro	m to	ft.
Casing Size	(I.D.) and	Mater	ials:								
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		. □ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		. □ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Material			eight per ft.		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Material		W	eight per ft.	or w	all thickness	in.
Screen Size								1			
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		. □ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		. □ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Mesh Siz	e		Type			
Water Zones	s:								_		
From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.
From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.
From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.
From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.
Gravel Pack											
Size:	Type:		From	to	ft.	Size:		pe:	From	to	ft.
Size	Type:		From	to	ft.	Size:		pe:	From	to	ft.
Size:	Type:		From	to	ft.	Size:		pe:	From	to	ft.
Grout Type:		IN C		from		0	ft		g Method	d:	
☐ Bentonite Slurr ☐ Bentonite pelle		Neat Cen Concrete	ient	from	n to			ft.			
☐ Neat Cement (6				from	t	0	ft		from bottom		

^{*}Indicates required field or section

^{**}Indicates required field or section, if applicable

Form GW-2 Revised 8/19/2016 Page 1 of 4

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well # _	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN #_	
DH PWSID #	

1. Contact Informa	ntion*					
Contact:	Nai	me		Addre	SC	Phone
Owner	114	III C		Huure	55	1 Hone
Driller						
System Provider						
System 110videi						
2. Well Location*	*				,	
Physical Address:					County/City:	
Subdivision Name:			Section:		Block:	Lot:
Tax Map/GPIN #:			<u>, </u>			
Latitude:				itude:		W
Datum Source	Horizontal:	□ WGS84	□ NAD83			
Lat/Long Source (□ GPS □	PPDGPS	□ Survey □	Imagery WAAS
Location Informat		By:				
Physical Location	Description:					
3. Facility & Use ⁵	k					
Type of Facility (C			Т	o of Ugo (C	Shools All That A	andri).
☐ Private	neck One).	☐ Drink	ing/Domestic U		Check All That A Agricultural	□ Food Processing
☐ Waterworks			facturing		Irrigation	☐ Injection
☐ Observation/Mo	onitoring Well		ermal (Cooling/He		Fire Safety	injection
- Observation/ivic	mitoring wen			atilig)	The Salety	
		□ Ope	n: Returned to Sur			
			☐ Returned to Aq	uifer		
4 11 0	4. 4.					
4. Well Construc						
Well designation, N	Name or Num		1-41		T D:	
Date Started:	(One), [] I	Date Con	_	A 🗖 IIII	Type Rig:	шь п ше п м
Class Well (Check						
Construction Type Well Depth:		: New Hole (borel	Existing-l	vioainea: ⊔ ft.	Well Pump: Da Depth to Bedre	
Hole Size (Include		` `		ft.	Inches from	
Height of Casing a		<u> </u>	ft.	inches	menes no	m to ft.
Casing Size (I.D.) a			Total Depth o		ft.	
inches from			Material	r cusing.	Weight per ft.	or wall thickness in.
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Material		Weight per ft.	or wall thickness in.
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Material		Weight per ft.	or wall thickness in.
Screen Size & Mes		Tt. 🗖 minied	- Iviateriai		weight per it.	or wan anexicss in:
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Mesh Size		Туре	
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Mesh Size		Type	
inches from	to	ft. □ infilled	Mesh Size		Туре	
Water Zones: from		ft.	2	o ft.	from to	ft.
Gravel Pack:			110111 0	- 100	110111 00	200
Size: Type:	fı	rom t	o ft. Si	ze: Ty	ype:	from to ft.
Grout Type:			'	Grouting	•	Type of Seal:
☐ Bentonite Slurry I	☐ Neat Cement	from	to ft.	☐ Poured from	n surface	□ pitless adapter
☐ Bentonite pellets/chips ☐ Neat Cement (6% benton		from	to ft.		ough tremmie pipe	☐ sanitary seal
Unkeat Cement (6% bentonite) from to ft. □ Pumped from bottom upward Camera Survey: □ Yes □ No Date Conducted:						
Additional Well Co			tion Attached:	□ Yes		viiduciou.
Tadioonal Will C	Japan delion I'	Jam amorina	and a struction.	_ 103	_ 110	

^{*}Indicates required field or section

**Indicates required field or section, if applicable

Form GW-2 Revised 8/19/2016 Page 2 of 4

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well #	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN#	
VDH PWSID #	

Well designation, Name or Number*:
5. Disinfection
Well Disinfected: ☐ Yes ☐ No Date:
6. Abandonment (*When abandoning the well, Sections 1 thru 4 must be completed and/or attach original GW-2)
Date Started: Date Completed: Static Water Level (unpumped level measured): ft.
Casing Size (I.D.) and Materials: Casing Pulled: Yes No Uncased Well
Depth of Fill: Type and Source of Fill:
Grout: From to Type: From to Type:
Method of permanently marking location:
7. Pump Test** Static Water Level (unpumped level measured): ft.
Date: Method (Check One):
Stabilized measured pumping water level: ft.
Date: Method (Check One): ☐ Top of Well ☐ Top of Casing ☐ Surface Level
Test Pump Intake Depth: ft Stabilized Yield: gpm after hours
Natural Flow: ☐ Yes ☐ No Flow Rate gpm
Estimated Well Yield: gpm
8. Pump Data**
Type: □ submersible □ Turbine □ Shallow Jet □ Deep Jet □ Other: Motor HP:
Type. — submersione — ratome — shanow set — Deep set — other intotor in .
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed:
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed:
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No Comments: Formation Lithology Province Geologic Map Used
Production Pump Intake Depth: ft Rated Capacity: gpm at ft TDH 9. Geologic Information Type Logs: Aquifer Test Performed: Water Quality Results Attached: Yes No Comments:

Form GW-2 Revised 8/19/2016 Page 3 of 4

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well # _	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN #_	
VDH PWSID#	

10. Driller's Log (Use additional sheets if necessary)*

Well d	esignati	on, Name or Number:			
Depth	(feet)	Type of Rock or Soil	Remarks	Drilling Time (Min.)	Diagram of Well Construction (with dimensions)
From	To	(Color, material, fossils, hardness, etc.)	(Water, caving, cavities, etc.)		
			cavities, etc.)		

11. Certification

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is to the best of my knowledge and belief true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature*:	 Date:
_	
License Number:	

^{*}Indicates required field or section

^{**}Indicates required field or section, if applicable

Form GW-2 Revised 8/19/2016 Page 4 of 4

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well # _	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN#_	
VDH PWSID #	

Additional Well Construction Data

(Use and submit only if additional space is needed)

12. Additional Well Construction Data

Well designation, Name or Number:											
Physical Location: Date Started: Date Completed:											
Hole Size (In	iclude rea	med zo	nes):								
inches	from	to	ft.	inch	es from	to	ft.	in	ches fro	m to	ft.
inches	from	to	ft.	inch	es from	to	ft.	in	ches fro	m to	ft.
inches	from	to	ft.	inch	es from	to	ft.	in	ches fro	m to	ft.
Casing Size	(I.D.) and	Mater	ials:								
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		. □ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		. □ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Material			eight per ft		all thickness	in.
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Material		V	eight per ft	or w	all thickness	in.
Screen Size											
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		. □ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to		. □ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	□ infilled	Mesh Siz			Type			
inches	from	to	ft.	. □ infilled	Mesh Siz	ze		Type			
Water Zones	s:										
From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.
From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.
From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.
From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.	From	to	ft.
Gravel Pack									T		
Size:	Type:		From	to	ft.	Size:		pe:	From	to	ft.
Size	Type:		From	to	ft.	Size:		pe:	From	to	ft.
Size:	Type:		From	to	ft.	Size:	Ty	pe:	From	to	ft.
Grout Type:		1 N		from		0	ft		g Method	l:	
☐ Bentonite Slurry ☐ Neat Cement ☐ Bentonite pellets/chips ☐ Concrete				from	to			ft.			
□ Neat Cement (6% bentonite) from to ft. □ Pumped from bottom upward											

^{*}Indicates required field or section

^{**}Indicates required field or section, if applicable

Form GW-5 Revised 8/1/2016 Page 1

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well #	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN#	
VDH PWSID #	

Well Abandonment Form

(For use when original well completion report is unavailable)

Well designation, Name or Number*:									
1. Contact Informa	ation								
Contact:	Name			A	Addres	SS			Phone
Owner									
Driller									
System									
Provider									
2. Well Location									
Physical Address:						Co	unty/Cit		
Subdivision Name	•		Section	n:			Block	Κ:	Lot:
Tax Map/GPIN #:									
Latitude*:		N		ongitude					W
Datum Source	Horizontal:		□ NAD		NAD2				
Lat/Long Source (□ Map □	GPS [☐ PPDG	PS		Survey	☐ Ima	agery WASS
Location Informat	v	:							
Physical Location	Description:								
3. Well Construc	tion								
Date Started:				Date	e Com	plet	ted:		
Static Water Level	l (unpumped lev	el measured)	:	ft.					
Casing Size (I.D.)	and Materials:						l: 🗆 Ye	es 🗆 N	o Uncased Well
Depth of Fill:			Type and	d Source	of Fill	l:			
Grout: From	to Type:			From	t	0	Type	:	
Method of perman	ently marking l	ocation:							
Type of Facility (C	Check One):			Type of 1	Use (C	Chec	k All Th	at Apply	y):
☐ Private		☐ Drinking	g/Domesti	c Use		Ag	ricultural		Food Processing
☐ Waterworks		☐ Manufac	cturing				gation		Injection
☐ Observation/Me	onitoring Well		mal (Cooling	g/Heating)		Fire	e Safety		
		☐ Closed	l □ Returned	to Surface					
		ц Орен.	☐ Returned						
4. Disinfection									
Well Disinfected:	□ Yes □ No			Date:					

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

GW-2 / UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT FORM GUIDANCE GW-5 / WELL ABANONMENT FORM GUIDANCE

Section § 62.1-258 of the Code of Virginia requires that private wells constructed in a groundwater management area be registered with the Board by the certified well water system provider within 30 days of the completion of well construction. This section requires registration of private wells as specified in law by submission of a form to be provided by the Department and provides the minimum information needed by the Department for registration purposes.

This document has been created in coordination with the Virginia Department of Health to provide clarification and assist any certified water well system provider in completing the form completely and accurately.

Header Information:

Provide the appropriate identification number for any well that has been assigned a unique identification number by one or all of the following State and Federal Agencies.

DEQ Well # - Virginia Department of Environmental Quality, well number

<u>USGS Local #</u> - United States Geologic Survey Local, well number

<u>VDH HDIN #</u> - Virginia Department of Health Identification Number

For private wells, you must include the VDH HDIN exactly as shown on the private well construction permit issued to the owner by the local health department

VDH PWSID # - Virginia Department of Health Public Water Supply Identification Number

1. Contact Information

Provide contact information for the following three individuals (Owner, Driller and System Provider).

Owner - the owner of the property where the well is being constructed.

Driller - the Company, Business or Legal entity who is drilling the well.

System Provider - the Certified Water Well System Provider whom will be certifying the form.

2. Well Location

<u>Physical Location</u> – use the 911 street address not a post office box or name of neighborhood. In cases where there is no 911 address associated with the well location then provides a physical description of the site.

• Example: For a pivot well in a field you may need to put intersection of two roads or the physical address of the farm and provide expanded description in Physical Location Description at the end of this section.

County/City – provide either the county or city the well is located in.

<u>Subdivision Name</u> - if the property where the well is being constructed is in a subdivision provide the subdivision name and the appropriate Section, Block and Lot number.

<u>Tax Map/GPIN#</u> - provide the property tax map or Grid Parcel Identification Number (GPIN) as shown on the private well construction permit issued to the owner by the local health department.

<u>Latitude and Longitude</u> – geographic coordinates that specify precise locations (north-south/latitude, eastwest/longitude) on the earth.

<u>Datum Source</u> – a datum is a model of the earth that is used in mapping. There are a large number of geodetic datum's in use and therefore, identifying the datum used in acquiring location information allows for appropriate conversion of the data to ensure location accuracy.

<u>Horizontal</u> – a collection of specific points on the Earth that have been identified according to their precise northerly or southerly location (latitude) and easterly or westerly location (longitude) (National Geodetic Survey, 1986).

• <u>WGS84</u> - World Geodetic System 1984 is an earth centered, Earth fixed terrestrial reference system and geodetic datum WGS84 is the standard U.S. Department of Defense definition of a global reference system for geospatial information and is the reference system for the Global Positioning System (GPS).

• NAD83 - the North American Datum 1983 (NAD83) is a geocentric datum that was established in 1986 for the United States, Canada, Mexico, Central America and the Caribbean Islands. Hawaii and Greenland were also connected to this datum.

Updated: August 1, 2016

- <u>NAD27</u> North American Datum of 1927, commonly used in surveying, cartography and land-use.
 Lat/Long Source check the box that describes what device was used to collect the latitude and longitude of the well.
- <u>Map</u> topographic, or general reference maps.
- GPS Global Positioning System (handheld device, cell phone app, etc.).
- PPDGPS Post Processed Differential Global Positioning System (accuracy within 10 cm).
- Survey traditional land surveying methods.
- <u>Imagery</u> locational information collected from geospatial metadata.
- <u>Wide Area Augmentation System (WAAS)</u> an air navigation aid developed by the Federal Aviation Administration (prime contractor Raytheon Company) to augment the Global Positioning **System** (GPS), with the goal of improving its accuracy, integrity, and availability.

<u>Location Information Collected By</u> – provide the name of the individual that provided latitude and longitude information.

<u>Physical Location Description</u> – provide any additional information that could be used to help someone find the well.

3. Facility & Use

<u>Type of Facility</u> – mark the type of well that is being drilled.

Type of Use – check all types of use that apply to this well.

Additional information and specific considerations regarding ground source geothermal (cooling/heating) wells (can be found on page 5.

4. Well Construction

All depths should be in depth below land surface.

<u>Well Designation Name or Number</u> - this is the designation or number used by the owner to differentiate the well form other wells that may be on the same property or part of a well system. This description or number is required on each page of the form.

- Date Started date construction started.
- Date Completed date construction was completed and approved by the Virginia Department of Health.

<u>Type Rig</u> - provide one of the following responses: air rotary, mud rotary, bored/auger, cable tool, driven, or jetted.

Class Well – choose class of well:

- I, IIA, IIB are Public water supply wells,
- III A, IIIB and IIIC Private Wells for drinking water use.
- Class IIID and IIIE have been left on the form to capture any legacy data from existing paper files and is not meant to be used for construction of new wells, or
- IV Private wells for non-drinking water use

<u>Construction Type</u> – check box for new or existing-modified. Check whether an modification to an existing well by selecting well subtype (ex. modified 6 inch casing to 4 inch casing and screening interval). Check pump subtype to indicate modified pump settings.

<u>Well Depth</u> – well depth is the depth associated with the borehole, casing and screens (in feet) that transmits the movement of water from below ground-surface.

<u>Total Hole (borehole) Depth</u>— the total depth from the subsurface to the depth where drilling ceased. Total hole depth is intended to capture any well collapse between casing depth and total hole depth where well collapse may have occurred indicating a difference (in feet) between the two.

<u>Depth to Bedrock</u> – the depth to bedrock encountered it (in feet).

Hole Size (include reamed zones) – provide hole size in inches and depth in feet.

<u>Height of Casing above Land Surface</u> – measured distance in feet and inches from the ground to the top of the well casing. If the well is flush to a pad measure height of pad, if well is flush to the ground the value would be zero (in feet and inches).

Updated: August 1, 2016

<u>Casing Size (I.D.)</u> - provide the casing Inner Diameter (I.D.) size in inches and provide the interval as a start and finishing depth for each casing segment.

- <u>Infilled</u> check infilled box to identify at what casing or screening interval infilled was encountered. Typically identified during a camera survey, the depth at which material fills the casing or screening interval preventing further exploration of lower depths inside the well.
- <u>Casing Material</u> use one of the following responses: wrought iron, concrete tile, clay tile, steel, stainless steel, PVC plastic, Sch 40 PVC WC, Sch 80 PVC WC, SDR 17 PVC WC, SDR 21 PVC WC, SDR 26 PVC WC, or SDR 32.5 PVC WC. Provide the weight per foot or wall thickness in inches.

Total Depth of Casing – provide the total depth of casing (in feet).

Screen Size & Mesh - provide the screen inside diameter in inches and depth in feet.

- Mesh Size provide the slot size opening in thousands of an inch (example .020).
- <u>Type</u> provide one of the following responses: stainless steel or plastic.

<u>Water Zones</u> – provide depth in feet below land surface to water bearing fractures, joints, and bedding planes. This section is used for rock wells completed west of the fall line and barefoot wells completed in the Piney Point aquifer east of the fall line and is not needed if well is screened and located in the coastal plain.

<u>Gravel Pack</u> – provide the depth of gravel pack in feet.

<u>Grout Type</u> - provide one of the following responses: bentonite slurry, bentonite pellets/chips, neat cement, neat cement/bentonite mixture (6%), concrete (per exception in 12 VAC 5-630-410(C)(3) of the Virginia Private Well Regulations) and depth grouted in feet.

<u>Grout Method</u> - provide one of the following responses: poured from surface, poured through tremmie pipe, or pumped from bottom upward.

<u>Type of Seal</u> - referring to the well seal or device used in the well construction that prevents potential surface contamination. Provide one of the following responses: pitless adapter or sanitary seal.

<u>Camera Survey</u> - check appropriate box to demonstrate if well construction data was collected by camera Survey.

• Date Conducted – if conducted put date of camera survey.

<u>Additional Well Construction Form Information Attached</u> – if additional space is needed to complete the well construction section of this form please mark this box and continue entering data on the Additional Well Construction Data form.

5. Disinfection

Well Disinfection - check the box if the well was disinfected and provide the date of disinfection.

6. Abandonment

When abandoning the well referenced in the GW-2/UWWCR form, Sections 1 thru 6 are required to be completed. The GW-5 form should only be used to abandon a well when the original GW-2/UWWCR form could not be located for the well being abandoned.

Date Started – date abandonment started.

<u>Date Completed</u> – date abandonment was completed and approved by the Virginia Department of Health. <u>Static Water Level (unpumped level measured)</u> - the level of water in a well under non-pumping conditions (in feet.).

<u>Casing Size (I.D.)</u> and <u>Materials</u> - provide the casing Inner Diameter (I.D.) size in inches and provide the interval as a start and finishing depth for each casing segment.

• <u>Casing Material</u> – use one of the following responses: wrought iron, concrete tile, clay tile, steel, stainless steel, PVC plastic, Sch 40 PVC WC, Sch 80 PVC WC, SDR 17 PVC WC, SDR 21 PVC WC, SDR 26 PVC WC, or SDR 32.5 PVC WC. Provide the weight per foot or wall thickness in inches.

Updated: August 1, 2016

<u>Casing Pulled</u> – mark appropriate box regarding removal of casing.

<u>Depth of Fill</u> – Depth below land surface (in feet) that fill added.

Type and Source of fill – impermeable material used to fill the well to prevent contamination of the aquifer.

<u>Grout</u> – ex. neat cement grout, sand-cement grout, concrete or approved bentonite chips.

<u>Method of permanently marking location</u> – Abandonment should be marked making it identifiable that it is a well abandonment location, ex. concrete slab.

7. Pump Test

<u>Static Water Level (unpumped level measured)</u> - the level of water in a well under non-pumping conditions (in feet.).

- Date date the static water level measurement was collected.
- <u>Method</u> method used to collect the static water level measurement (ex. electronic water level indicators, steel tape, chalked tape, sliding float, air-line pressure, and automatic recording).

<u>Stabilized measured pumping level</u> - a water level that has not fluctuated by more than plus or minus 0.5 foot for each 100 feet of water in the well (i.e., static water level to bottom of well) over at least a six hour period of constant pumping flow rate, and plotted measurements that have not shown a trend of decreasing water level.

- <u>Date</u> date that the stabilized measure pumping level was collected
- <u>Method</u> the method used for measuring drawdown of a well (ex. transducer, acoustic well sounder, electric sounder method, airline method).

<u>Test Pump Intake Depth</u> – pump intake location of the pumping well used in a drawdown tests.

Stabilized Yield – well yield when drawdown has reached stabilization.

Natural Flow – the movement of groundwater without any manmade device.

• Flow Rate – the volume of water which passes per unit time.

8. Pump Data

Type – centrifugal, submersible, shallow jet, deep jet, or turbine

Motor HP – rate of motor power in a pump.

Production Pump Intake Depth - the actual depth the bottom of the pump is set in the well bore.

Rated Capacity – the maximum capacity of the pump.

9. Geologic Information

This information is primarily used by USGS and DEQ staff.

<u>Type Logs</u> – detailed logging records of geologic formations penetrated by a borehole (ex. image, resistivity, density, neutron porosity, sonic, gamma ray, self-spontaneous/potential, caliper, nuclear magnetic resonance, spectral noise, memory, coring, mud logging).

<u>Aquifer Test Performed</u> – aquifer test conducted to determine properties of the aquifer (ex. constant rate, step drawdown, and recovery).

<u>Water Quality Results Attached</u> – Any water quality samples collected and analyzed during well construction. Comments – Provide any additional comments if needed.

Comments

Please use this section to provide additional information not covered in other sections of the form or to clarify information.

10. Driller's Log (Use additional sheets if necessary)

Depth – the borehole depth of the well (in feet).

Type of Rock or Soil – type of rock or soil encountered during drilling.

Remarks – comments regarding drilling.

<u>Drilling Time</u> – total drilling time (in hours and minutes).

<u>Diagram of Well Construction (with dimensions)</u> – well sketch indicating seal, hole, casing, screen(s), pump, grouting, gravel pack.

Updated: August 1, 2016

11. Certification

A certification required. Please sign and date the form and include your water well service provider number assigned from the Department of Professional and Occupational Regulation (DPOR).

12. Additional Well Construction Data Form

This page should be used if additional space was needed to complete the well construction section (Section 4) of this form. Please continue where you left off on Section 4. Please do not submit this page if it was not used.

GW-5 Well Abandonment Form

When abandoning a well, a copy of the original GW-2/Uniform Water Well Completion Report may be obtained from the well/property owner or from the local health department, DEQ, DGMR, USGS, well drillers, Publications. Water Well Completion Reports can also be obtained through the Virginia DEQ online water well registration database. When the original water well completion report cannot be obtained for documenting well abandonment, a GW-5 well abandonment form should be submitted.

Geothermal Wells (Cooling/Heating)

For the purposes of this guidance, the DEQ and VDH use the term Geothermal (Cooling/Heating) Well to address wells used for heating/cooling that use the earth's surface in a cooling/heating exchange process. Geothermal wells are closed or open loop systems installed in well fields.

A closed loop geothermal well system is designed to prevent the discharge or escape of fluids from the loop system. Since these geothermal systems can contain multiple wells, only one completion report is required per well loop field, so long as each well is confined to the same aquifer.

An open loop geothermal well system is designed to discharge groundwater to the surface (lake, creek, stream, etc.) or the subsurface aquifer system following the heating/cooling exchange system. In cases where a second well was constructed to return a withdrawal to the subsurface aquifer system, the second well is commonly referred to as the discharge well. In such cases, these submissions should include:

• Well Construction

Please submit one GW-2 / Uniform Water Well Completion Report form for each open loop well field that discharges to the surface.

Please submit two separate GW-2 / Uniform Water Well Completion Report forms demonstrating well completion for each open loop geothermal withdrawal well and the discharge well.

• Discharge Information

Please indicate whether groundwater from the geothermal open loop well discharges into the surface (lake, creek, stream, etc.) by indicating "Returned to Surface". If the well discharges into the subsurface aquifer system please indicate "Returned to Aquifer".

Updated: August 1, 2016

In addition to the information required by regulation, reports submitted under the requirement for all geothermal wells should include the following:

Well Construction

Please submit one form for each closed loop well field, so long as each well is confined to the same aquifer.

Latitude and Longitude

Please provide a central latitude and longitude of the closed loop well field.

Pump Data

For closed loop geothermal installations this section may be left blank.

Casing Information

Section 12VAC5-630-410(A)(3)(e) of the Virginia Private Well Regulations states closed loop ground source geothermal wells do not have to be cased.

Form GW-5 Revised 8/1/2016 Page 1

COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA UNIFORM WATER WELL COMPLETION REPORT

DEQ Well #	
USGS Local #	
VDH HDIN#	
VDH PWSID#	

Well Abandonment Form

(For use when original well completion report is unavailable)

Well designation, Name or Num	oer:								
1. Contact Information									
	me		Addre	-SS			Phone		
Owner			11441				1 Hone		
Driller									
System Provider									
	L								
2. Well Location									
Physical Address:				Cou	ınty/City:				
Subdivision Name:		Section:			Block:		Lot:		
Tax Map/GPIN #:									
Latitude*:		N Longitud					W		
Datum Source Horizontal:	□ WGS84	□ NAD83 □	NAD	27					
Lat/Long Source (Check One):	<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> -	□ GPS □ PPD	GPS		Survey [] Ima	igery WASS		
Location Information Collected	By:								
Physical Location Description:									
3. Well Construction			. ~						
Date Started:			te Con	nplet	ed:				
Static Water Level (unpumped le									
Casing Size (I.D.) and Materials:					: □ Yes		o □ Uncased Well		
Depth of Fill:		Type and Source	e of Fil	ll:					
Grout: From to Type		Fron	1	to	Type:				
Method of permanently marking	location:								
Type of Facility (Check One):					k All That				
☐ Private		ing/Domestic Use			ricultural		Food Processing		
☐ Waterworks		facturing			gation		Injection		
☐ Observation/Monitoring Well		ermal (Cooling/Heating)		Fire	Safety				
	☐ Clo	sed en: D Returned to Surface							
	_ op.	☐ Returned to Aquifer							
4. Disinfection									
Well Disinfected: ☐ Yes ☐ No		Date							
,, on Dismiceted 103 - 100		Dute							
5. Certification									
I certify under penalty of law that this documen that qualified personnel properly gather and ev directly responsible for gathering the informati- there are significant penalties for submitting fa	aluate the informat on, the information	tion submitted. Based on m	inquiry o ny knowle	of the pe edge an	erson or person d belief true, ac	s who mo curate, c	nnage the system or those persons and complete. I am aware that		
Signature:		Date:				_			
License Number:									